
TITLE VI--PRESERVATION OF AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING
Subtitle A--Prepayment of Mortgages Insured Under National Housing Act

SEC. 601. PREPAYMENT OF MORTGAGES.

(a) IN GENERAL.--Subtitles A and B of the Emergency Low Income Housing Preservation Act of 1987 (12 U.S.C. 1715l note) are amended to read as follows:

"Subtitle A--Short Title

<< 12 USCA § 4101 NOTE >>

"SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

"This title may be cited as the 'Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990'.

"Subtitle B--Prepayment of Mortgages Insured Under National Housing Act

<< 12 USCA § 4101 >>

"SEC. 211.--GENERAL PREPAYMENT LIMITATION.

"(a) PREPAYMENT AND TERMINATION.--An owner of eligible low-income housing may prepay, and a mortgagee may accept prepayment of, a mortgage on such housing only in accordance with a plan of action approved by the Secretary under this subtitle or in accordance with section 224. An insurance contract with respect to eligible low-income housing may be terminated pursuant to section 229 of the National Housing Act only in accordance with a plan of action approved by the Secretary under this subtitle or in accordance with section 224.

"(b) FORECLOSURE.--A mortgagee may foreclose the mortgage on, or acquire by deed in lieu of foreclosure, any eligible low-income housing project only if the mortgagee also conveys title to the project to the Secretary in connection with a claim for insurance benefits.

"(c) EFFECT OF UNAUTHORIZED PREPAYMENT.--Any prepayment of a mortgage on eligible low-income housing or termination of the mortgage insurance on such housing not in compliance with the provisions of this subtitle shall be null and void and any low-income affordability restrictions on the housing shall continue to apply to the housing.

<< 12 USCA § 4102 >>

"SEC. 212. NOTICE OF INTENT.

"(a) FILING WITH THE SECRETARY.--An owner of eligible low-income housing that intends to terminate the low-income affordability restrictions through prepayment or voluntary termination in accordance with section 218, extend the low-income affordability restrictions of the housing in accordance with section 219, or transfer the housing to a qualified purchaser in accordance with section 220, shall file with the Secretary a notice indicating such intent in the form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe.
"(b) FILING WITH THE STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT, TENANTS, AND MORTGAGEE.--The owner, upon filing a notice of intent under this section, shall simultaneously file the notice of intent with the chief executive officer of the appropriate State or local government for the jurisdiction within which the housing is located and with the mortgagee, and shall inform the tenants of the housing of the filing.

"(c) INELIGIBILITY FOR FILING.--An owner shall not be eligible to file a notice of intent under this section if the mortgage covering the housing--

"(1) falls into default on or after the date of the enactment of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act; or

"(2)(A) fell into default before, but is current as of, such date; and

"(B) the owner does not agree to recompense the appropriate Insurance Fund, in the amount the Secretary determines appropriate, for any losses sustained by the Fund as a result of any work-out or other arrangement agreed to by the Secretary and the owner with respect to the defaulted mortgage.

The Secretary shall carry out this subsection in a manner consistent with the provisions of section 203 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978.

"SEC. 213. APPRAISAL AND PRESERVATION VALUE OF ELIGIBLE LOW-INCOME HOUSING.

"(a) APPRAISAL.--Upon receiving notice of intent regarding an eligible low-income housing project indicating an intent to extend the low-income affordability restrictions under section 219 or transfer the housing under section 220, the Secretary shall provide for determination of the preservation value of the housing, as follows:

"(1) APPRAISERS.--The preservation value shall be determined by 2 independent appraisers, one of whom shall be selected by the Secretary and one of whom shall be selected by the owner. The appraisals shall be conducted not later than 4 months after filing the notice of intent under section 212, and the owner shall submit to the Secretary the appraisal made by the owner’s selected appraiser not later than 90 days after receipt of the notice under paragraph (2). If the 2 appraisers fail to agree on the preservation value, and the Secretary and the owner also fail to agree on the preservation value, the Secretary and the owner shall jointly select and jointly compensate a third appraiser, whose appraisal shall be binding on the parties.

"(2) NOTICE.--Not later than 30 days after the filing of a notice of intent to seek incentives under section 219 or transfer the property under section 220, the Secretary shall provide written notice to the owner filing the notice of intent of--

"(A) the need for the owner to acquire an appraisal of the property under paragraph (1);

"(B) the rules and guidelines for such appraisals;

"(C) the filing deadline for submission of the appraisal under paragraph (1);

"(D) the need for an appraiser retained by the Secretary to inspect the housing and project financial records; and

"(E) any delegation to the appropriate State agency by the Secretary of responsibilities regarding the appraisal.

"(3) TIMELINESS.--The Secretary may approve a plan of action to receive incentives under section 219 or 220 only based upon an appraisal conducted in accordance with this subsection that is not more than 30 months old.
"(b) PRESERVATION VALUE.--For purposes of this subtitle, the preservation value of eligible low-income housing appraised under this section shall be--

"(1) for purposes of extending the low-income affordability restrictions and receiving incentives under section 219, the fair market value of the property based on the highest and best use of the property as residential rental housing; and

"(2) for purposes of transferring the property under section 220 or 221, the fair market value of the housing based on the highest and best use of the property.

"(c) GUIDELINES.--The Secretary shall provide written guidelines for appraisals of preservation value, which shall assume repayment of the existing federally assisted mortgage, termination of the existing low-income affordability restrictions, and costs of compliance with any State or local laws of general applicability. The guidelines may permit reliance upon assessments of rehabilitation needs and other conversion costs determined by an appropriate State agency, as determined by the Secretary. The guidelines shall instruct the appraiser to use the greater of actual project operating expenses at the time of the appraisal (based on the average of the actual project operating expenses during the preceding 3 years) or projected operating expenses after conversion in determining preservation value. The guidelines established by the Secretary shall not be inconsistent with customary appraisal standards. The guidelines shall also meet the following requirements:

"(1) RESIDENTIAL RENTAL VALUE.--In the case of preservation value determined under subsection (b)(1), the guidelines shall assume conversion of the housing to market-rate rental housing and shall establish methods for (A) determining rehabilitation expenditures that would be necessary to bring the housing up to quality standards required to attract and sustain a market rate tenancy upon conversion, and (B) assessing other costs that the owner could reasonably be expected to incur if the owner converted the property to market-rate multifamily rental housing.

"(2) HIGHEST AND BEST USE VALUE.--In the case of preservation value determined under subsection (b)(2), the guidelines shall assume conversion of the housing to highest and best use for the property and shall establish methods for (A) determining any rehabilitation expenditures that would be necessary to convert the housing to such use, and (B) assessing other costs that the owner could reasonably be expected to incur if the owner converted the property to its highest and best use.

<< 12 USCA § 4104 >>

"SEC. 214. ANNUAL AUTHORIZED RETURN AND PRESERVATION RENTS.

"(a) ANNUAL AUTHORIZED RETURN.--Pursuant to an appraisal under section 213, the Secretary shall determine the annual authorized return on the appraised housing, which shall be equal to 8 percent of the preservation equity (as such term is defined in section 229(8)).

"(b) PRESERVATION RENTS.--The Secretary shall also determine the aggregate preservation rents under this subsection for each project appraised under section 213. The aggregate preservation rents shall be used solely for the purposes of comparison with Federal cost limits under section 215. Actual rents received by an owner (or a qualified purchaser) shall be determined pursuant to section 219, 220, or 221. The aggregate preservation rents shall be established as follows:

"(1) EXTENSION OF AFFORDABILITY LIMITS.--The aggregate preservation rent for purposes of receiving incentives pursuant to extension of the low-income affordability restrictions under section 219 shall be the gross potential income for the project, determined by the Secretary, that would be required to support the following costs:

"(A) The annual authorized return determined under subsection (a).

"(B) Debt service on any rehabilitation loan for the housing.
"(C) Debt service on the federally-assisted mortgage for the housing.

"(D) Project operating expenses.

"(E) Adequate reserves.

"(2) SALE.--The aggregate preservation rent for purposes of receiving incentives pursuant to sale under section 220 or 221 shall be the gross income for the project determined by the Secretary, that would be required to support the following costs:

"(A) Debt service on the loan for acquisition of the housing.

"(B) Debt service on any rehabilitation loan for the housing.

"(C) Debt service on the federally-assisted mortgage for the housing.

"(D) Project operating expenses.

"(E) Adequate reserves.

<< 12 USCA § 4105 >>

"SEC. 215. FEDERAL COST LIMITS AND LIMITATIONS ON PLANS OF ACTION.

"(a) DETERMINATION OF RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL COST LIMITS.--

"(1) INITIAL DETERMINATION.--For each eligible low-income housing project appraised under section 213(a), the Secretary shall determine whether the aggregate preservation rents for the project determined under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 214(b) exceed the amount determined by multiplying 120 percent of the fair market rental (established under section 8(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937) for the market area in which the housing is located by the number of dwelling units in the project (according to appropriate unit sizes).

"(2) RELEVANT LOCAL MARKETS.--If the aggregate preservation rents for a project exceeds the amount determined under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall determine whether such aggregate rents exceed the amount determined by multiplying 120 percent of the prevailing rents in the relevant local market area in which the housing is located by the number of units in the project (according to the appropriate unit sizes). A relevant local market area shall be an area geographically smaller than a market area established by the Secretary under section 8(c)(1) of the United States Act of 1937 that is identifiable as a distinct rental market area. The Secretary may rely on the appraisal to determine the relevant local market areas and prevailing rents in such local areas and any other information the Secretary determines is appropriate.

"(3) EFFECT.--For purposes of this subtitle, the aggregate preservation rents shall be considered to exceed the Federal cost limits under this subsection only if the aggregate preservation rents exceed the amount determined under paragraph (1) and the amount determined under paragraph (2).

"(b) LIMITATIONS ON ACTION PURSUANT TO FEDERAL COST LIMITS.--

"(1) HOUSING WITHIN FEDERAL COST LIMITS.--If the aggregate preservation rents for an eligible low-income housing project do not exceed the Federal cost limit, the owner may not prepay the mortgage on the housing or terminate the insurance contract with respect to the housing, except as permitted under section 224. The owner may--

"(A) file a plan of action under section 217 to receive incentives under section 219; or
"(B) file a second notice of intent under section 216(d) indicating an intention to transfer the housing under section 220 and take actions pursuant to such section.

"(2) HOUSING EXCEEDING FEDERAL COST LIMITS.--If the aggregate preservation rents for an eligible low-income housing project exceed the Federal cost limit, the owner may--

"(A) file a plan of action under section 217 to receive incentives under section 219 if the owner agrees to accept incentives under such sections in an amount that shall not exceed the Federal cost limit;

"(B) file a second notice of intent under section 216(d) indicating an intention to transfer the housing under section 220 and take actions pursuant to such section if the owner agrees to transfer the housing at a price that shall not exceed the Federal cost limit; or

"(C) file a second notice of intent under section 216(d) indicating an intention to prepay the mortgage or voluntarily terminate the insurance, subject to the mandatory sale provisions under section 221.

<< 12 USCA § 4106 >>

"SEC. 216. INFORMATION FROM SECRETARY.

"(a) INFORMATION TO OWNERS TERMINATING AFFORDABILITY RESTRICTIONS.--The Secretary shall provide each owner who submits a notice of intent to terminate the low-income affordability restrictions on the housing under section 218 with information under this section not later than 6 months after receipt of the notice of intent. The information shall include a description of the criteria for such termination specified under section 218 and the documentation required to satisfy such criteria.

"(b) INFORMATION TO OWNERS EXTENDING LOW-INCOME AFFORDABILITY RESTRICTIONS.--The Secretary shall provide each owner who submits notice of intent to extend the low-income affordability restrictions on the housing under section 219 or transfer the housing under section 220 to a qualified purchaser with information under this subsection not later than 9 months after receipt of the notice of intent. The information shall include any information necessary for the owner to prepare a plan of action under section 217, including the following:

"(1) PRESERVATION VALUES.--A statement of the preservation value of the housing determined under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 213(b).

"(2) PRESERVATION RENT.--A statement of the preservation rent for the housing as calculated under section 214(b).

"(3) FEDERAL COST LIMITS.--A statement of the applicable Federal cost limits for the market area (or relevant local market area, if applicable) in which the housing is located, which shall explain the limitations under sections 219 and 220 of the amount of assistance that the Secretary may provide based on such cost limits.

"(4) FEDERAL COST LIMIT ANALYSIS.--A statement of whether the aggregate preservation rents exceeds the Federal cost limits and a direction to the owner to file a plan of action under section 217 or submit a second notice of intent under section 216(d), whichever is applicable.

"(c) AVAILABILITY TO TENANTS.--The Secretary shall make any information provided to the owner under subsections (a) and (b) available to the tenants of the housing, together with other information relating to the rights and opportunities of the tenants.

"(d) SECOND NOTICE OF INTENT.--
"(1) FILING.--Each owner of eligible low-income housing that elects to transfer housing under section 220 shall submit to the Secretary, in such form and manner as the Secretary prescribes, notice of intent to sell the housing under section 220. To be eligible to prepay the mortgage or voluntarily terminate the insurance contract on the mortgage, an owner of housing for which the preservation rents exceed the Federal cost limits under section 215(b) shall submit to the Secretary notice of such intent. The provisions of sections 221 and 223 shall apply to any owner submitting a notice under the preceding sentence.

"(2) TIMING.--A second notice of intent under this subsection shall be submitted not later than 30 days after receipt of information from the Secretary under this section. If an owner fails to submit such notice within such period, the notice of intent submitted by the owner under section 212 shall be void and ineffective for purposes of this subtitle.

"SEC. 217. PLAN OF ACTION.

"(a) SUBMISSION TO SECRETARY.--

"(1) TIMING.--Not later than 6 months after receipt of the information from the Secretary under section 216 an owner seeking to terminate the low-income affordability restrictions through prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination under section 218, or to extend the low-income affordability restriction on the housing under section 219, shall submit a plan of action to the Secretary in such form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe. Any owner or purchaser seeking a transfer of the housing under section 220 or 221 shall submit a plan of action under this section to the Secretary upon acceptance of a bona fide offer under section 220(b) or (c) or upon making of any bona fide offer under section 221.

"(2) COPIES TO TENANTS.--Each owner submitting a plan of action under this section to the Secretary shall also submit a copy to the tenants of the housing. The owner shall simultaneously submit the plan of action to the office of the chief executive officer of the appropriate State or local government for the jurisdiction within which the housing is located. An appropriate agency of such State or local government shall review the plan and advise the tenants of the housing of any programs that are available to assist the tenants in carrying out the purposes of this title.

"(3) FAILURE TO SUBMIT.--If the owner does not submit a plan of action to the Secretary within the 6-month period referred to in paragraph (1) (or the applicable longer period), the notice of intent shall be ineffective for purposes of this subtitle and the owner may not submit another notice of intent under section 212 until 6 months after the expiration of such period.

"(b) CONTENTS.--

"(1) TERMINATION OF AFFORDABILITY RESTRICTIONS.--If the plan of action proposes to terminate the low-income affordability restrictions through prepayment or voluntary termination in accordance with section 218, the plan shall include--

"(A) a description of any proposed changes in the status or terms of the mortgage or regulatory agreement;

"(B) a description of any proposed changes in the low-income affordability restrictions;

"(C) a description of any change in ownership that is related to prepayment or voluntary termination;

"(D) an assessment of the effect of the proposed changes on existing tenants;
"(E) an analysis of the effect of the proposed changes on the supply of housing affordable to low- and very low-income families or persons in the community within which the housing is located and in the area that the housing could reasonably be expected to serve; and

"(F) any other information that the Secretary determines is necessary to achieve the purposes of this title.

"(2) EXTENSION OF AFFORDABILITY RESTRICTIONS.--If the plan of action proposes to extend the low-income affordability restrictions of the housing in accordance with section 219 or transfer the housing to a qualified purchaser in accordance with section 220, the plan shall include--

"(A) a description of any proposed changes in the status or terms of the mortgage or regulatory agreement;

"(B) a description of the Federal incentives requested (including cash flow projections), and analyses of how the owner will address any physical or financial deficiencies and maintain the low-income affordability restrictions of the housing;

"(C) a description of any assistance from State or local government agencies, including low-income housing tax credits, that have been offered to the owner or purchaser or for which the owner or purchaser has applied or intends to apply;

"(D) a description of any transfer of the property, including the identity of the transferee and a copy of any documents of sale; and

"(E) any other information that the Secretary determines is necessary to achieve the purposes of this title.

"(c) REVISIONS.--An owner may from time to time revise and amend the plan of action as may be necessary to obtain approval of the plan under this subtitle. The owner shall submit any revision to the Secretary and to the tenants of the housing.

"SEC. 218. PREPAYMENT AND VOLUNTARY TERMINATION.

"(a) APPROVAL.--The Secretary may approve a plan of action that provides for termination of the low-income affordability restrictions through prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of the mortgage insurance contract only upon a written finding that--

"(1) implementation of the plan of action will not--

"(A) materially increase economic hardship for current tenants, and will not in any event result in (i) a monthly rental payment by any current tenant that exceeds 30 percent of the monthly adjusted income of the tenant or an increase in the monthly rental payment in any year that exceeds 10 percent (whichever is lower), or (ii) in the case of a current tenant who already pays more than such percentage, an increase in the monthly rental payment in any year that exceeds the increase in the Consumer Price Index or 10 percent (whichever is lower); or

"(B) involuntarily displace current tenants (except for good cause) where comparable and affordable housing is not readily available determined without regard to the availability of Federal housing assistance that would address any such hardship or involuntary displacement; and

"(2) the supply of vacant, comparable housing is sufficient to ensure that such prepayment will not materially affect--

"(A) the availability of decent, safe, and sanitary housing affordable to low-income and very low-income families or persons in the area that the housing could reasonably be expected to serve;
"(B) the ability of low-income and very low-income families or persons to find affordable, decent, safe, and sanitary housing near employment opportunities; or

"(C) the housing opportunities of minorities in the community within which the housing is located.

"(b) DISAPPROVAL.--If the Secretary determines a plan of action to prepay a mortgage or terminate an insurance contract fails to meet the requirements of subsection (a), the Secretary shall disapprove the plan, the notice of intent filed under section 212 by such owner shall not be effective for purposes of this subtitle, and the owner may, in order to receive incentives under this subtitle, file a new notice of intent under such section.

<< 12 USCA § 4109 >>

"SEC. 219. INCENTIVES TO EXTEND LOW-INCOME USE.

"(a) AGREEMENTS BY SECRETARY.--After approving a plan of action from an owner of eligible low-income housing that includes the owner's plan to extend the low-income affordability restrictions of the housing, the Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, enter into such agreements as are necessary to enable the owner to receive the annual authorized return for the housing determined under section 214(a), pay debt service on the federally-assisted mortgage covering the housing, pay debt service on any loan for rehabilitation of the housing, and meet project operating expenses and establish adequate reserves. The Secretary shall take into account the Federal cost limits under section 215(a) for the housing when providing incentives under subsections (b)(2) and (3) of this section.

"(b) PERMISSIBLE INCENTIVES.--Such agreements may include one or more of the following incentives:

"(1) Increased access to residual receipts accounts.

"(2) Subject to the availability of amounts provided in appropriations Acts--

"(A) an increase in the rents permitted under an existing contract under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, or

"(B) additional assistance under section 8 or an extension of any project-based assistance attached to the housing; and

"(3) An increase in the rents on units occupied by current tenants as permitted under section 222.

"(4) Financing of capital improvements under section 201 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978.

"(5) Financing of capital improvements through provision of insurance for a second mortgage under section 241 of the National Housing Act.

"(6) In the case of housing defined in section 229(1)(A)(iii), redirection of the Interest Reduction Payment subsidies to a second mortgage.

"(7) Access by the owner to a portion of the preservation equity in the housing through provision of insurance for a second mortgage loan insured under section 241(f) of the National Housing Act or a non-insured mortgage loan approved by the Secretary and the mortgagee.

"(8) Other incentives authorized in law.
With respect to any housing with a mortgage insured or otherwise assisted pursuant to section 236 of the National Housing Act, the provisions of subsections (f) and (g) of section 236 of such Act notwithstanding, the fair market rental charge for each unit in such housing may be increased in accordance with this subsection, but the owner shall pay to the Secretary all rental charges collected in excess of the basic rental charges, in an amount not greater than the fair market rental charges as such charges would have been established under section 236(f) of such Act absent the requirements of this paragraph.

<< 12 USCA § 4110 >>

"SEC. 220. INCENTIVES FOR TRANSFER TO QUALIFIED PURCHASERS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.--With respect to any eligible low-income housing for which an owner has submitted a second notice of intent under section 216(d) to transfer the housing to a qualified purchaser, the owner shall offer the housing for transfer to qualified purchasers as provided in this section. The Secretary shall issue regulations describing the means by which potential qualified purchasers shall be notified of the availability of the housing for sale. The Secretary shall take into account the Federal cost limits under section 215(a) for the housing when providing incentives under section 219(b)(2) and (b)(3) (pursuant to subsection (d)(3) of this section).

"(b) RIGHT OF FIRST OFFER TO PRIORITY PURCHASERS.--

"(1) NEGOTIATION PERIOD.--For the 12-month period beginning on the receipt by the Secretary of a second notice of intent under section 216(d) with respect to such housing, the owner may offer to sell and negotiate a sale of the housing only with priority purchasers. The negotiated sale price may not exceed the preservation value of the housing determined under section 213(b)(2). The owner or the purchaser shall submit a plan of action under section 217 for any sale under this subsection, which shall include any request for assistance under this section, upon the acceptance of any bona fide offer meeting the requirements of this paragraph.

"(2) EXPRESSION OF INTEREST.--During such period, priority purchasers may submit written notice to the Secretary stating their interest in acquiring the housing. Such notice shall be made in the form and include such information as the Secretary may prescribe.

"(3) INFORMATION.--Within 30 days of receipt of an expression of interest by a priority purchaser, the Secretary shall provide such purchaser with information on the assistance available from the Federal Government to facilitate a transfer and the owner shall provide appropriate information on the housing, as determined by the Secretary.

"(c) RIGHT OF REFUSAL FOR OTHER QUALIFIED PURCHASERS.--If no bona fide offer to purchase any eligible low-income housing subject to this section that meets the requirements of subsection (b) is made and accepted during the period under such subsection, during the 3-month period beginning upon the expiration of the 12-month period under subsection (b)(1), the owner of the housing may offer to sell and may sell the housing only to qualified purchasers. The negotiated sale price may not exceed the preservation value of the housing determined under section 213(b)(2). The owner or purchaser shall submit a plan of action under section 217 for any sale under this subsection, which shall include any request for assistance under this section, upon the acceptance of any bona fide offer meeting the requirements of this paragraph.

"(d) ASSISTANCE.--

"(1) APPROVAL.--If the qualified purchaser is a resident council, the Secretary may not approve a plan of action for assistance under this section unless the council's proposed resident homeownership program meets the requirements under section 226. For all other qualified purchasers, the Secretary may not approve the plan unless the Secretary finds that the criteria for approval under section 222 have been satisfied.

"(2) AMOUNT.--Subject to the availability of amounts approved in appropriations Acts, the Secretary shall, for approvable plans of action, provide assistance sufficient to enable qualified purchasers to--
"(A) acquire the eligible low-income housing from the current owner for a purchase price not greater than the preservation equity of the housing;

"(B) pay the debt service on the federally-assisted mortgage covering the housing;

"(C) pay the debt service on any loan for the rehabilitation of the housing;

"(D) meet project operating expenses and establish adequate reserves for the housing;

"(E) receive an adequate return (as determined by the Secretary) on any actual cash investment made to acquire the project;

"(F) in the case of a priority purchaser, receive an adequate reimbursement for transaction expenses relating to acquisition of the housing, subject to approval by the Secretary; and

"(G) in the case of an approved resident homeownership program, cover the costs of training for the resident council, homeownership counseling and training, the fees for the nonprofit entity or public agency working with the resident council and costs related to relocation of tenants who elect to move.

"(3) INCENTIVES.--

"(A) IN GENERAL.--For all qualified purchasers of housing under this subsection, the Secretary may provide assistance for an approved plan of action in the form of 1 or more of the incentives authorized under section 219(b), except that any residual receipts for the housing transferred to the selling owner shall be deducted from the sale price of the housing under subsection (b) or (c) and the incentive under such section 219(b)(7) may include an acquisition loan under section 241(f) of the National Housing Act.

"(B) PRIORITY PURCHASERS.--Where the qualified purchaser is a priority purchaser, the Secretary may provide assistance for an approved plan of action (in the form of a grant) for each unit in the housing in an amount, as determined by the Secretary, that does not exceed the present value of the total of the projected published fair market rentals for existing housing (established by the Secretary under section 8(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937) for the next 10 years (or such longer period if additional assistance is necessary to cover the costs referred to in paragraph (2)).
"(3) INFORMATION FROM SECRETARY.--Not later than 30 days after receipt of any notice under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall provide such purchaser with information on the assistance available from the Federal Government to facilitate a transfer and the owner shall provide such purchaser with appropriate information on the housing, as determined by the Secretary.

"(c) RIGHT OF REFUSAL FOR OTHER QUALIFIED PURCHASERS.--If no bona fide offer to purchase any eligible low-income housing subject to this section that meets the requirements of subsection (b) is made during the period under such subsection, during the 3-month period beginning upon the expiration of the 12-month period under subsection (b)(1), the owner of the housing may offer to sell and may sell the housing only to qualified purchasers. If, during such period, a qualified purchaser makes a bona fide offer to purchase the housing for a sale price not less than the preservation value of the housing determined under section 213(b)(2), the Secretary shall require the owner to sell the housing pursuant to such offer.

"(d) ASSISTANCE.--

"(1) FEDERAL COST LIMIT.--Subject to the availability of amounts approved in appropriations Acts, the Secretary shall, for approvable plans of action, provide to qualified purchasers assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 sufficient to produce a gross income potential equal to the amount determined by multiplying 120 percent of the prevailing rents in the relevant local market area in which the housing is located by the number of units in the project (according to appropriate unit sizes), and any other incentives authorized under section 219(b) that would have been provided to a qualified purchaser under section 220.

"(2) ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE.--From amounts made available under section 234(b), the Secretary may make grants to assist in the completion of sales and transfers under this section to any qualified purchasers. Any grant under this paragraph shall be in an amount not exceeding the difference between the preservation value for the housing (determined under section 213(b)(2)) and the level of assistance under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(3) SECURING STATE AND LOCAL FUNDING.--The Secretary shall assist any qualified purchaser of such housing in securing funding and other assistance (including tax and assessment reductions) from State and local governments to facilitate a sale under this section.

<< 12 USCA § 4112 >>

"SEC. 222. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL OF PLAN OF ACTION INVOLVING INCENTIVES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary may approve a plan of action for extension of the low-income affordability restrictions on any eligible low-income housing or transfer the housing to a qualified purchaser (other than a resident council) only upon finding that--

"(1) due diligence has been given to ensuring that the package of incentives is, for the Federal Government, the least costly alternative that is consistent with the full achievement of the purposes of this title;

"(2) binding commitments have been made to ensure that--

"(A) the housing will be retained as housing affordable for very low-income families or persons, low income families or persons, and moderate-income families or persons for the remaining useful life of such housing (as determined under subsection (c));

"(B) throughout such period, adequate expenditures will be made for maintenance and operation of the housing and that the project meets housing standards established by the Secretary under subsection (d), as determined by inspections conducted under such subsection by the Secretary;

"(C) current tenants will not be involuntarily displaced (except for good cause);
"(D) any increase in rent contributions for current tenants will be to a level that does not exceed 30 percent of the adjusted income of the tenant or the published existing fair market rent for comparable housing established under section 8(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, whichever is lower, except that the rent contributions of any tenants occupying the housing at the time of any increase may not be reduced by reason of this subparagraph (except with respect to tenants receiving section 8 assistance in accordance with subparagraph (E)(ii) of this paragraph);

"(E)(i) any resulting increase in rents for current tenants (except for increases made necessary by increased operating costs)--

"(I) shall be phased in equally over a period of not less than 3 years, if such increase is 30 percent or more; and

"(II) shall be limited to not more than 10 percent per year if such increase is more than 10 percent but less than 30 percent; and

"(i) assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 shall be provided, to the extent available under appropriation Acts, if necessary to mitigate any adverse effect on current income-eligible very low- and low-income tenants; and

"(F)(i) rents for units becoming available to new tenants shall be at levels approved by the Secretary that will ensure, to the extent practicable, that the units will be available and affordable to the same proportions of very low-income families or persons, low-income families or persons, and moderate-income families or persons (including families or persons whose incomes are 95 percent or more of area median income) as resided in the housing as of January 1, 1987 (based on the area median income limits established by the Secretary in February 1987), or the date the plan of action is approved, whichever date results in the highest proportion of very low-income families, except that this limitation shall not prohibit a higher proportion of very low-income families from occupying the housing; and

"(ii) in approving rents under this paragraph, the Secretary shall take into account any additional incentives provided under this subtitle;

"(G) future rent adjustments shall be--

"(i) made by applying an annual factor (to be determined by the Secretary) to the portion of rent attributable to operating expenses for the housing and by making changes in the annual authorized return under section 214; and

"(ii) subject to a procedure, established by the Secretary, for owners to apply for rent increases not adequately compensated by annual adjustment under clause (i), under which the Secretary may increase rents in excess of the amount determined under clause (i) only if the Secretary determines such increases are necessary to reflect extraordinary necessary expenses of owning and maintaining the housing; and

"(H) any savings from reductions in operating expenses due to management efficiencies shall be deposited in project reserves for replacement and the owner shall have periodic access to such reserves, to the extent the Secretary determines that the level of reserves is adequate and that the housing is maintained in accordance with the standards established under section 222(d); and

"(3) no incentives under section 219 (other than to purchasers under section 220) may be provided until the Secretary determines the project meets housing standards under subsection (d), except that incentives under such section and other incentives designed to correct deficiencies in the project may be provided.

"(b) IMPLEMENTATION.--Any agreement to maintain the low-income affordability restrictions for the remaining useful life of the housing may be made through execution of a new regulatory agreement, modifications to the existing regulatory agreement or mortgage, or, in the case of the prepayment of a mortgage or voluntary termination of mortgage insurance, a recorded instrument.

"(c) DETERMINATION OF REMAINING USEFUL LIFE.--
"(1) DEFINITION.--For purposes of this title, the term 'remaining useful life' means, with respect to eligible low-income housing, the period during which the physical characteristics of the housing remain in a condition suitable for occupancy, assuming normal maintenance and repairs are made and major systems and capital components are replaced as becomes necessary.

"(2) STANDARDS.--The Secretary shall, by rule under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, establish standards for determining when the useful life of an eligible low-income housing project has expired. The determination shall be made on the record after opportunity for an hearing.

"(3) OWNER PETITION.--The Secretary shall establish a procedure under which owners of eligible low-income housing may petition the Secretary for a determination that the useful life of such housing has expired. The procedure shall not permit such a petition before the expiration of the 50-year period beginning upon the approval of a plan of action under this subtitle with respect to such housing. In making a determination pursuant to a petition under this paragraph, the Secretary shall presume that the useful life of the housing has not expired, and the owner shall have the burden of proof in establishing such expiration. The Secretary may not determine that the useful life of any housing has expired if such determination results primarily from failure to make regular and reasonable repairs and replacement, as became necessary.

"(4) TENANT AND COMMUNITY COMMENT AND APPEAL.--In making a determination regarding the useful life of any housing pursuant to a petition submitted under paragraph (3), the Secretary shall provide for comment by tenants of the housing and interested persons and organizations with respect to the petition. The Secretary shall also provide the tenants and interested persons and organizations with an opportunity to appeal a determination under this subsection.

"(d) HOUSING STANDARDS.--

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT AND INSPECTION.--The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish standards regarding the physical condition in which any eligible low income housing project receiving incentives under this subtitle shall be maintained. The Secretary shall inspect each such project not less than annually to ensure that the project is in compliance with such standards.

"(2) SANCTIONS.--

"(A) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall take any action appropriate to require the owner of any housing not in compliance with such standards to bring such housing into compliance with the standards, including--

"(i) directing the mortgagee, with respect to an equity take-out loan under section 241(f) of the National Housing Act, to withhold the disbursement to the owner of any escrowed loan proceeds and requiring that such proceeds be used for repair of the housing; and

"(ii) reduce the amount of the annual authorized return, as determined by the Secretary, for the period ending upon a determination by the Secretary that the project is in compliance with the standards and requiring that such amounts be used for repair.

"(B) CONTINUED COMPLIANCE.--To ensure continued compliance with the standards for a project subject to any action under subparagraph (A), the Secretary may also limit access of the owner to such amounts and use of such amounts for not more than the 2-year period beginning upon the determination that project is in compliance with the standards.

"(C) REMOVAL OF ASSISTANCE.--If, upon inspection, the Secretary determines that any eligible low income housing project has failed to comply with the standards established under this subsection for 2 consecutive years, the Secretary may take 1 or more of the following actions:

"(i) Subject to availability of amounts provided in appropriations Acts, provide assistance under sections 8(b) and 8(o) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (other than project-based assistance attached to the housing) for any tenant eligible for such assistance who desires to terminate occupancy in the housing. For each unit in the housing
vacated pursuant to the provision of assistance under this clause, the Secretary may, notwithstanding any other law or contract for assistance, cancel the provision of project-based assistance attached to the housing for 1 dwelling unit, if the housing is receiving such assistance.

"(ii) In the case of housing for which an equity takeout loan has been made under section 241(f) of the National Housing Act, declare such loan to be default and accelerate the maturity date of the loan.

"(iii) Declare any rehabilitation loan insured or provided by the Secretary (with respect to the housing) to be in default and accelerate the maturity date of the loan.

"(iv) Suspend payments under or terminate any contract for project-based rental assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937.

"(v) Take any other action authorized by law or the project regulatory agreement to ensure that the housing will be brought into compliance with the standards established under this subsection.

"(e) WINDFALL PROFITS.--The Secretary shall submit a report to the Congress not later than 90 days after the enactment of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, evaluating the availability, quality, and reliability of data to measure the accessibility of decent, affordable housing in all areas where properties are eligible to submit a notice of intent to prepay under section 212. To prevent payment of windfall profits, the Secretary may make available incentive payments under section 219 or 220 only to owners in those rental markets where there is an inadequate supply of decent, affordable housing, if the Secretary determines that adequate data can be obtained to permit objective and fair implementation or where necessary to accomplish the other public policy objectives under this subtitle. The Secretary shall implement this subsection in a manner consistent with the process established by this subtitle.

<< 12 USCA § 4113 >>

"SEC. 223. ASSISTANCE FOR DISPLACED TENANTS.

"(a) SECTION 8 ASSISTANCE.--Each low-income family that is displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low income housing shall, subject to the availability or amounts provided under appropriations Acts, receive assistance under the certificate and voucher programs under sections 8(b) and 8(o) of the United States Housing Act of 1937. To the extent sufficient amounts are made available under appropriations Acts, in each fiscal year the Secretary shall reserve from amounts made available under section 234(a) of this Act or, if necessary, under section 5(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, such amounts as the Secretary determines are necessary to provide assistance payments for low-income families displaced during the fiscal year.

"(b) RELOCATION ASSISTANCE.--The Secretary shall coordinate with public housing agencies to ensure that any very low- or low-income family displaced from eligible low-income housing as the result of the prepayment of the mortgage (or termination of the mortgage insurance contract) on such housing is able to acquire a suitable, affordable dwelling unit in the area of the housing from which the family is displaced. The Secretary shall require the owner of such housing to pay 50 percent of the moving expenses of each family relocated, except that such percentage shall be increased to the extent that State or local law of general applicability requires a higher payment by the owner.

"(c) CONTINUED OCCUPANCY.--

"(1) IN GENERAL.--Each owner that prepays the mortgage (or terminates the mortgage insurance contract) on eligible low-income housing shall, as provided in paragraph (3), allow the tenants occupying units in such housing on the date of the submission of notice of intent under section 212 to remain in the housing for a period of 3 years, at rent levels (except for increases necessary for increased operating costs) existing at the time of prepayment.
"(2) PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE BY OWNER.--In any case in which the Secretary requires an owner to allow tenants to occupy units under paragraph (1), an owner may fulfill the requirements of such paragraph by providing such assistance necessary for the tenant to rent a decent, safe, and sanitary unit in another project for the same period and at a rental cost to the tenant not in excess of the rental amount the tenant would have been required to pay in the housing of the owner, except that the tenant must freely agree to waive the right to occupy the unit in the owner's housing.

"(3) APPLICABILITY TO LOW-VACANCY AREAS AND SPECIAL NEEDS TENANTS.--The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to--

"(A) eligible low income housing located in a low-vacancy area (as such term is defined by the Secretary); and

"(B) tenants in any eligible low-income housing in any area who have special needs restricting their ability to relocate (including elderly tenants and tenants with disabilities), as determined under regulations established by the Secretary.

"(d) REQUIRED ACCEPTANCE OF SECTION 8 ASSISTANCE.--An owner who prepays the mortgage (or terminates the mortgage insurance contract) on eligible low-income housing and maintains the housing for residential rental occupancy may not refuse to rent, refuse to negotiate for the rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny the rent of a dwelling unit in such property to any person, or discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of rental of a dwelling (or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith), because the person receives assistance under section 8 of United States Housing Act of 1937.

"(e) REGIONAL POOLS.--In providing assistance under this section, the Secretary shall allocate the assistance on a regional basis through the regional offices of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Secretary shall allocate assistance under this section in a manner so that the total number of assisted units in each such region available for occupancy by, and affordable to, lower income families and persons does not decrease because of the prepayment or payment of a mortgage on eligible low-income housing or the termination of an insurance contract on such housing.

<< 12 USCA § 4114 >>

"SEC. 224. PERMISSIBLE PREPAYMENT OR VOLUNTARY TERMINATION AND MODIFICATION OF COMMITMENTS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.--Notwithstanding any limitations on prepayment or voluntary termination under this subtitle, an owner may terminate the low-income affordability restrictions through prepayment or voluntary termination, subject to compliance with the provisions of section 223, under one of the following circumstances:

"(1)(A) The Secretary approves a plan of action under section 219(a), but does not provide the assistance approved in such plan during the 15-month period beginning on the date of approval.

"(B) After the date that the housing would have been eligible for prepayment pursuant to the terms of the mortgage (notwithstanding this subtitle), the Secretary approves a plan of action under section 220 or 221, but does not provide the assistance approved in such plan before the earlier of (i) the expiration of the 2-month period beginning on the commencement of the 1st fiscal year beginning after such approval, or (ii) the expiration of the 6-month period beginning on the date of approval.

"(C) The Secretary approves a plan of action under section 220 or 221 for any eligible low-income housing not covered by subparagraph (B), but does not provide the assistance approved in such plan before the earlier of (i) the expiration of the 2-month period beginning on the commencement of the 1st fiscal year beginning after such approval, or (ii) the expiration of the 9-month period beginning on the date of approval.
"(2) An owner who intended to transfer the housing to a qualified purchaser under section 220 or 221, and fully complied with the provisions of such section, did not receive any bona fide offers from any qualified purchasers within the applicable time periods.

In the event that the purchaser under the plan of action is unable to consummate the purchase for reasons other than the failure of the Secretary to provide incentives, an owner may terminate the low-income affordability restrictions through prepayment or voluntary termination subject to the provisions of sections 220 and 221.

"(b) SECTION 8 RENTAL ASSISTANCE.--When providing rental assistance under section 8, the Secretary may enter into a contract with an owner, contingent upon the future availability of appropriations for the purpose of renewing expiring contracts for rental assistance as provided in appropriations Acts, to extend the term of such rental assistance for such additional period or periods necessary to carry out an approved plan of action. The contract and the approved plan of action shall provide that, if the Secretary is unable to extend the term of such rental assistance or is unable to develop a revised package of incentives providing benefits to the owner comparable to those received under the original approved plan of action, the Secretary, upon the request of the owner, shall take the following actions (subject to the limitations under the following paragraphs):

"(1) MODIFICATION OF COMMITMENTS.--Modify the binding commitments made pursuant to section 222(a)(2) that are dependent on such rental assistance.

"(2) TERMINATION OF PLAN OF ACTION.--Permit the owner to prepay the mortgage and terminate the plan of action and any implementing use agreements or restrictions, but only if the owner agrees in writing to comply with provisions of section 223.

At least 30 days before making a request under this subsection, an owner shall notify the Secretary of the owner's intention to submit the request. The Secretary shall have a period of 90 days following receipt of such notice to take action to extend the rental assistance contract and to continue the binding commitments under section 222(a)(2).

<< 12 USCA § 4115 >>

"SEC. 225. TIMETABLE FOR APPROVAL OF PLAN OF ACTION.

"(a) NOTIFICATION OF DEFICIENCIES.--Not later than 60 days after receipt of a plan of action, the Secretary shall notify the owner in writing of any deficiencies that prevent the plan of action from being approved. If deficiencies are found, such notice shall describe alternative ways in which the plan may be revised to meet the criteria for approval.

"(b) NOTIFICATION OF APPROVAL.--

"(1) IN GENERAL.--Not later than 180 days after receipt of a plan of action, or such longer period as the owner requests, the Secretary shall notify the owner in writing whether the plan of action, including any revisions, is approved. If approval is withheld, the notice shall describe--

"(A) the reasons for withholding approval; and

"(B) the actions that could be taken to meet the criteria for approval.

"(2) OPPORTUNITY TO REVISE.--The Secretary shall subsequently give the owner a reasonable opportunity to revise the plan of action and seek approval.

"(c) DELAYED APPROVAL.--If the Secretary does not approve a plan of action within the period under subsection (b), the Secretary shall provide incentives and assistance under this subtitle in the amount that the owner would have received if the Secretary had complied with such time limitations. The preceding sentence shall not
apply if the plan of action was not approved because of deficiencies. An owner may bring an action in the appropriate Federal district court to enforce this subsection.

<< 12 USCA § 4116 >>

"SEC. 226. RESIDENT HOMEOWNERSHIP PROGRAM."

"(a) FORMATION OF RESIDENT COUNCIL.--Tenants seeking to purchase eligible low-income housing in accordance with section 220 shall organize a resident council for the purpose of developing a resident homeownership program in accordance with standards established by the Secretary. The resident council shall work with a public or private nonprofit organization or a public body (including an agency or instrumentality thereof). Such organization or public body shall have experience to enable it to help the tenants consider their options and to develop the capacity necessary to own and manage the housing, where appropriate, and shall be approved by the Secretary.

"(b) OTHER PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS.--

"(1) SALES TO RESIDENTS.--As a condition of approval of a plan of action involving homeownership program under this subtitle, the resident council shall prepare a workable plan acceptable to the Secretary for giving all residents an opportunity to become owners, which plan shall identify--

"(A) the price at which the resident council intends to transfer ownership interests in, or shares representing, units in the housing;

"(B) the factors that will influence the establishment of such price;

"(C) how such price compares to the estimated appraised value of the ownership interests or shares;

"(D) the underwriting standard the resident council plans to use (or reasonably expects a public or private lender to use) for potential tenant purchasers;

"(E) the financing arrangements the tenants are expected to pursue or be provided; and

"(F) a workable schedule of sale (subject to the limitations of paragraph (8)) based on estimated tenant incomes.

"(2) APPROVAL OF METHOD OF CONVERSION.--The Secretary shall approve the method for converting the housing to homeownership, which may involve acquisition of ownership interests in, or shares representing, the units in a project under any arrangement determined by the Secretary to be appropriate, such as cooperative ownership (including limited equity cooperative ownership) and fee simple ownership (including condominium ownership).

"(3) REQUIRED CONDITIONS.--The Secretary shall require that the form of homeownership impose appropriate conditions, including conditions to assure that--

"(A) the number of initial owners that are very low-income, lower income, or moderate-income persons at initial occupancy meet standards required or approved by the Secretary;

"(B) occupancy charges payable by the owners meet requirements established by the Secretary;

"(C) the aggregate incomes of initial and subsequent owners and other sources of funds for the project are sufficient to permit occupancy charges to cover the full operating costs of the housing and any debt service; and

"(D) each initial owner occupies the unit it acquires.
"(4) USE OF PROCEEDS FROM SALES TO ELIGIBLE FAMILIES.--The entity that transfers ownership interests in, or shares representing, units to eligible families, or another entity specified in the approved application, may use 50 percent of the proceeds, if any, from the initial sale for costs of the homeownership program, including improvements to the project, operating and replacement reserves for the project, additional homeownership opportunities in the project, and other project-related activities approved by the Secretary. The remaining 50 percent of such proceeds shall be returned to the Secretary for use under section 220, subject to availability under appropriations Acts. Such entity shall keep, and make available to the Secretary, all records necessary to calculate accurately payments due the Secretary under this paragraph.

"(5) RESTRICTIONS ON RESALE BY HOMEOWNERS.--

"(A) IN GENERAL.--

"(i) TRANSFER PERMITTED.--A homeowner under a homeownership program may transfer the homeowner's ownership interest in, or shares representing, the unit, except that a homeownership program may establish restrictions on the resale of units under the program.

"(ii) RIGHT TO PURCHASE.--Where a resident management corporation, resident council, or cooperative has jurisdiction over the unit, the corporation, council, or cooperative shall have the right to purchase the ownership interest in, or shares representing, the unit from the homeowner for the amount specified in a firm contract between the homeowner and a prospective buyer.

"(iii) PROMISSORY NOTE REQUIRED.--The homeowner shall execute a promissory note equal to the difference, if any, between the market value and the purchase price, payable to the Secretary, together with a mortgage securing the obligation of the note.

"(B) 6 YEARS OR LESS.--In the case of a transfer within 6 years of the acquisition under the program, the homeownership program shall provide for appropriate restrictions to assure that an eligible family may not receive any undue profit. The plan shall provide for limiting the family's consideration for its interest in the property to the total of--

"(i) the contribution to equity paid by the family;

"(ii) the value, as determined by such means as the Secretary shall determine through regulation, of any improvements installed at the expense of the family during the family's tenure as owner; and

"(iii) the appreciated value determined by an inflation allowance at a rate which may be based on a cost-of-living index, an income index, or market index as determined by the Secretary through regulation and agreed to by the purchaser and the entity that transfers ownership interests in, or shares representing, units to eligible families (or another entity specified in the approved application), at the time of initial sale, and applied against the contribution to equity.

Such an entity may, at the time of initial sale, enter into an agreement with the family to set a maximum amount which this appreciation may not exceed.

"(C) 6-20 YEARS.--In the case of a transfer during the period beginning 6 years after the acquisition and ending 20 years after the acquisition, the homeownership program shall provide for the recapture by the Secretary or the program of an amount equal to the amount of the declining balance on the note described in subparagraph (A)(iii).

"(D) USE OF RECAPTURED FUNDS.--Any net sales proceeds that may not be retained by the homeowner under the plan approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be paid to the HOME Investment Trust Fund for the unit of general local government in which the housing is located. If the housing is located in a unit of general local government that is not a participating jurisdiction (as such term is defined in section 104 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act), any such net sales proceeds shall be paid to the HOME Investment Trust Fund under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall take such actions as are necessary to ensure that the proceeds shall be
immediately available for eligible activities to expand the supply of affordable housing under section 212 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act. The Secretary shall require the maintenance of any records necessary to calculate accurately payments due under this paragraph.

"(6) PROTECTION OF NONPURCHASING FAMILIES.--

"(A) EVICTION.--No tenant residing in a dwelling unit in a property on the date the Secretary approves a plan of action may be evicted by reason of a homeownership program approved under this subtitle.

"(B) RENTAL ASSISTANCE.--If a tenant decides not to purchase a unit, or is not qualified to do so, the Secretary shall ensure that rental assistance under section 8 is available for use by each otherwise qualified tenant (that meets the eligibility requirements under such section) in that or another property. The requirement for giving preference to certain categories of eligible families under sections 8(d)(1)(A) and 8(o)(3) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 shall not apply to the provision of assistance to such families.

"(C) RELOCATION ASSISTANCE.--The resident council shall also inform each such tenant that if the tenant chooses to move, the owner will pay relocation assistance in accordance with the approved homeownership program.

"(7) QUALIFIED MANAGEMENT.--As a condition of approval of a homeownership program under this subtitle, the resident council shall have demonstrated its abilities to manage eligible properties by having done so effectively and efficiently for a period of not less than 3 years or by entering into a contract with a qualified management entity that meets such standards as the Secretary may prescribe to ensure that the property will be maintained in a decent, safe, and sanitary condition.

"(8) TIMELY HOMEOWNERSHIP.--Resident councils shall transfer ownership of the property to tenants within a specified period of time that the Secretary determines to be reasonable. During the interim period when the property continues to be operated and managed as rental housing, the resident council shall utilize written tenant selection policies and criteria that are approved by the Secretary as consistent with the purpose of providing housing for very low-income families. The resident council shall promptly notify in writing any rejected applicant of the grounds for any rejection.

"(9) RECORDS AND AUDIT OF RESIDENT COUNCILS.--

"(A) MAINTENANCE.--Each resident council shall keep such records as may be reasonably necessary to fully disclose the amount and the disposition by such resident council of the proceeds of assistance received under this subtitle (including any proceeds from sales under paragraphs (4) and (5)(D)), the total cost of the homeownership program in connection with which such assistance is given or used, and the amount and nature of that portion of the program supplied by other sources, and such other sources as will facilitate an effective audit.

"(B) ACCESS.--The Secretary shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of the resident council that are pertinent to assistance received under this subtitle.

"(C) AUDIT.--The Comptroller General of the United States, or any of the duly authorized representatives of the Comptroller General, shall also have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of the resident council that are pertinent to assistance received under this subtitle.

"(10) ASSUMPTION CONDITIONS.--Any entity that assumes, as determined by the Secretary, a mortgage covering low-income housing in connection with the acquisition of the housing from an owner under this section must comply with any low-income affordability restrictions for the remaining useful life of the housing as determined under section 222(d). This requirement shall only apply to an entity, such as a cooperative association, that, as determined by the Secretary, intends to own the housing on a permanent basis.
"SEC. 227. DELEGATED RESPONSIBILITY TO STATE AGENCIES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.--In addition to any responsibilities delegated under section 213(c), the Secretary shall delegate some or all responsibility for implementing this subtitle to a State housing agency if such agency submits a preservation plan acceptable to the Secretary.

"(b) APPROVAL.--State preservation plans shall be submitted in such form and in accordance with such procedures as the Secretary shall establish. The Secretary may approve plans that contain--

"(1) an inventory of low-income housing located within the State that is or will be eligible low-income housing under this subtitle within 5 years;

"(2) a description of the agency's experience in the area of multifamily financing and restructuring;

"(3) a description of the administrative resources that the agency will commit to the processing of plans of action in accordance with this subtitle;

"(4) a description of the administrative resources that the agency will commit to the monitoring of approved plans of action in accordance with this subtitle;

"(5) an independent analysis of the performance of the multi-family housing inventory financed or otherwise monitored by the agency;

"(6) a certification by the public official responsible for submitting the comprehensive housing affordability strategy under section 105 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act that the proposed activities are consistent with the approved housing strategy of the State within which the eligible low-income housing is located; and

"(7) such other certifications or information that the Secretary determines to be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this subtitle.

"(c) IMPLEMENTATION AGREEMENTS.--The Secretary may enter into any agreements necessary to implement an approved State preservation plan, which may include incentives that are authorized under other provisions of this subtitle.

"SEC. 228. CONSULTATIONS WITH OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES.

"The Secretary shall confer with any appropriate State or local government agency to confirm any State or local assistance that is available to achieve the purposes of this title and shall give consideration to the views of any such agency when making determinations under this subtitle. The Secretary shall also confer with appropriate interested parties that the Secretary believes could assist in the development of a plan of action that best achieves the purpose of this subtitle.

"SEC. 229. DEFINITIONS.

"For purposes of this subtitle:
"(1) The term 'eligible low-income housing' means any housing financed by a loan or mortgage.--

"(A) that is--

"(i) insured or held by the Secretary under section 221(d)(3) of the National Housing Act and assisted under section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 or section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937;

"(ii) insured or held by the Secretary and bears interest at a rate determined under the proviso of section 221(d)(5) of the National Housing Act;

"(iii) insured, assisted, or held by the Secretary or a State or State agency under section 236 of the National Housing Act; or

"(iv) held by the Secretary and formerly insured under a program referred to in clause (i), (ii), or (iii); and

"(B) that, under regulation or contract in effect before February 5, 1988, is or will within 24 months become eligible for prepayment without prior approval of the Secretary.

"(2) The term 'Federal cost limit' means, for any eligible low-income housing, the amount determined under section 215(a).

"(3) The term 'low-income affordability restrictions' means limits imposed by regulation or regulatory agreement on tenant rents, rent contributions, or income eligibility in eligible low-income housing.

"(4) The terms 'low-income families or persons' and 'very low-income families or persons' mean families or persons whose incomes do not exceed the respective levels established for low-income families and very low-income families, respectively, under section 3(b)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937.

"(5) The term 'moderate-income families or persons' means families or persons whose incomes are between 80 percent and 95 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families.

"(6) The term 'nonprofit organization' means any private, nonprofit organization that--

"(A) is organized or chartered under State or local laws;

"(B) has no part of its net earnings inuring to the benefit of any member, founder, contributor, or individual;

"(C) complies with standards of financial accountability acceptable to the Secretary; and

"(D) has among its principal purposes significant activities related to the provision of decent housing that is affordable to very low-, low-, and moderate-income families.

"(7) The term 'owner' means the current or subsequent owner or owners of eligible low-income housing.

"(8) The term 'preservation equity' means, for any eligible low-income housing--

"(A) for purposes of determining the authorized return under section 214(a) and providing incentives to extend the low-income affordability restrictions on the housing under section 219--

"(i) the preservation value of the housing determined under section 213(b)(1); less

"(ii) any debt secured by the property; and

"(B) for purposes of determining incentives under section 220 and 221 and determining the amount of an acquisition loan under the provisions of section 241(f)(3) of the National Housing Act--
"(i) the preservation value of the housing determined under section 213(b)(2); less
(ii) the outstanding balance of the federally-assisted mortgage or mortgages for the housing.

"(9) The term 'preservation value' means, for any eligible low-income housing, the applicable value determined under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 213(b).

"(10) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

"(11) The term 'resident council' means any incorporated nonprofit organization or association that--

"(A) is representative of the resident of the housing;

"(B) adopts written procedures providing for the election of officers on a regular basis; and

"(C) has a democratically elected governing board, elected by the residents of the housing.

<< 12 USCA § 4120 >>

"SEC. 230. NOTICE TO TENANTS.

"Where a provision of this subtitle requires that information or material be given to tenants of the housing, the requirement may be met by (1) posting a copy of the information or material in readily accessible locations within each affected building, or posting notices in each such location describing the information or material and specifying a location, as convenient to the tenants as is reasonably practical, where a copy may be examined, and (2) supplying a copy of the information or material to a representative of the tenants.

<< 12 USCA § 4121 >>

"SEC. 231. DEFINITIONS OF QUALIFIED AND PRIORITY PURCHASER AND RELATED PARTY RULE.

"(a) PRIORITY PURCHASER.--The term 'priority purchaser' means (A) a resident council organized to acquire the housing in accordance with a resident homeownership program that meets the requirements of section 231; and (B) any nonprofit organization or State or local agency that agrees to maintain low-income affordability restrictions for the remaining useful life of the housing (as determined under section 222(d)).

"(b) QUALIFIED PURCHASER.--The term 'qualified purchaser' means any entity that agrees to maintain low-income affordability restrictions for the remaining useful life of the housing (as determined under section 222(d)), and includes for-profit entities and priority purchasers.

"(c) RELATED PARTIES.--Except as provided in subsection (d), the terms 'qualified purchaser' and 'priority purchaser' do not include any entity that, either directly or indirectly, is wholly or partially owned or controlled by the owner of the housing being transferred under this subtitle, is under whole or partial common control with such owner, or has any financial interest in such owner or in which such owner has any financial interest. The Secretary shall issue any regulations appropriate to implement the preceding sentence.

"(d) MANAGEMENT EXCEPTION.--A qualified purchaser shall not be precluded from retaining as a property management entity a company that is owned or controlled by the selling owner or a principal thereof if retention of the management company is neither a condition of sale nor part of consideration paid for sale and the property management contract is negotiated by the qualified purchaser on an arm's length basis.
"SEC. 232. PREEMPTION OF STATE AND LOCAL LAWS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.--No State or political subdivision of a State may establish, continue in effect, or enforce any law or regulation that--

"(1) restricts or inhibits the prepayment of any mortgage described in section 229(1) (or the voluntary termination of any insurance contract pursuant to section 229 of the National Housing Act) on eligible low income housing;
"(2) restricts or inhibits an owner of such housing from receiving the authorized annual return provided under section 214;

"(3) is inconsistent with any provision of this subtitle, including any law, regulation, or other restriction that limits or impairs the ability of any owner of eligible low income housing to receive incentives authorized under this subtitle (including authorization to increase rental rates, transfer the housing, obtain secondary financing, or use the proceeds of any of such incentives); or

"(4) in its applicability to low-income housing is limited only to eligible low-income housing for which the owner has prepaid the mortgage or terminated the insurance contract.

Any law, regulation, or restriction described under paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4) shall be ineffective and any eligible low-income housing exempt from the law, regulation, or restriction, only to the extent that it violates the provisions of this subsection.

"(b) EFFECT.--This section shall not prevent the establishment, continuing in effect, or enforcement of any law or regulation of any State or political subdivision of a State not inconsistent with the provisions of this subtitle and relating to building standards, zoning limitations, health, safety, or habitability standards for housing, rent control, or conversion of rental housing to condominium or cooperative ownership, to the extent such law or regulation is of general applicability to both housing receiving Federal assistance and nonassisted housing. This section shall not preempt, annul, or alter any contractual restrictions or obligations existing before the date of the enactment of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act that prevent or limit an owner of eligible low-income housing from prepaying the mortgage on the housing (or terminating the insurance contract on the housing).

"SEC. 233. SEVERABILITY.

"If any provision of this subtitle, or the application of such provision with respect to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this Act, and the application of such provision to any other person or circumstance, shall not be affected by such holding.

"SEC. 234. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"(a) GENERAL.--There are authorized to be appropriated for assistance and incentives authorized under this subtitle $425,000,000 for fiscal year 1991 and $858,000,000 for fiscal year 1992.
"(b) GRANTS.--Of the amounts made available under subsection (a), not more than $100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1991 and 1992 shall be available for grants under section 221(d)(2), subject to approval in appropriations Acts.

<< 12 USCA § 4101 NOTE >>

"SEC. 235. APPLICABILITY.

"Subject to section 605 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, the requirements of this subtitle shall apply to any project that is eligible low-income housing on or after November 1, 1987.".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.--The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the items relating to subtitles A and B of title II and inserting the following:

"Subtitle A--Short Title

"Sec. 201. Short title.

"Subtitle B--Prepayment of Mortgages Insured Under National Housing Act

"Sec. 211. General prepayment limitation.

"Sec. 212. Notice of intent.

"Sec. 213. Appraisal and preservation value of eligible low-income housing.

"Sec. 214. Annual authorized return and preservation rents.


"Sec. 216. Information from Secretary.

"Sec. 217. Plan of action.

"Sec. 218. Prepayment and voluntary termination.

"Sec. 219. Incentives to extend low-income use.

"Sec. 220. Incentives for transfer to qualified purchasers.

"Sec. 221. Mandatory sale for housing exceeding Federal cost limits.

"Sec. 222. Criteria for approval of plan of action involving incentives.

"Sec. 223. Assistance for displaced tenants.

"Sec. 224. Permissible prepayment or voluntary termination and modification of commitments.

"Sec. 225. Timetable for approval of plan of action.

"Sec. 226. Resident homeownership program.

"Sec. 227. Delegated responsibility to State agencies.

"Sec. 228. Consultations with other interested parties.

"Sec. 229. Definitions."
"Sec. 230. Notice to tenants.
"Sec. 231. Definitions of qualified and priority purchasers and related party rule.
"Sec. 232. Preemption of State and local laws.
"Sec. 233. Severability.
"Sec. 234. Authorization of appropriations.
"Sec. 235. Applicability."

SEC. 602. RELATED NATIONAL HOUSING ACT AMENDMENTS.

<< 12 USCA § 1715z-6 >>

(a) INSURANCE FOR SECOND MORTGAGE FINANCING.--Section 241(f) of the National Housing Act is amended to read as follows:

"(f)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Secretary may, upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, make a commitment to insure and insure equity loans and acquisition loans made by financial institutions approved by the Secretary and State housing finance agencies that enter into risk-sharing agreements with the Secretary.

"(2)(A) For purposes of this section, the term 'equity loan' means a loan or advance of credit to the owner of eligible low income housing (as defined in section 229 of the Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990) who agrees to extend the low-income affordability restrictions on the housing pursuant to an approved plan of action under such Act.

"(B) To be eligible for insurance under this paragraph, an equity loan shall--

"(i) be limited to an amount equal to the lesser of (I) 70 percent of the preservation equity in the project, as determined by the Secretary under such Act, or (II) the amount the Secretary determines can be supported by the project on the basis of an 8 percent return on the preservation equity (assuming normal debt service coverages); and

"(ii) provide for the lender to deposit (on behalf of the borrowing owner) 10 percent of the loan amount in an escrow account, controlled by the Secretary or a State housing finance agency approved by the Secretary, which shall be made available to the owner upon the expiration of the 5-year period beginning on the date the loan is made, subject to compliance with section 222(d) of such Act; and

"(3)(A) For purposes of this section, the term 'acquisition loan' means a loan or advance of credit to a qualified purchaser of eligible low-income housing (as defined in section 231 of the Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990) acquiring the housing under section 220 or 221 of such Act who agrees to extend the low-income affordability restrictions pursuant to an approved plan of action under such Act.

"(B) To be eligible for insurance under this paragraph, an acquisition loan shall be limited to 95 percent of the preservation equity of the housing determined under section 229(8) of the Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990, except that the loan may include, if the qualified purchaser is a priority purchaser as defined under section 231 of such Act, any expenses associated with the acquisition, loan closing, and implementation of the plan of action, subject to approval by the Secretary.
"(4) The provisions of subsections (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), and (n) of section 207 shall be applicable to loans insured under this subsection, except that--

"(A) all references to the term 'mortgage' shall be construed to refer to the term 'loan' as used in this subsection;

"(B) loans involving projects covered by a mortgage insured under section 236 shall be insured under and shall be the obligations of the Special Risk Insurance Fund; and

"(C) with respect to any sale under foreclosure of a mortgage on the project that is senior to the equity loan insured under this subsection and when the equity loan is secured by a mortgage, the Secretary may--

"(i) issue regulations providing that, in order to receive insurance benefits, the insured mortgagee shall either assign the equity or acquisition loan to the Secretary or bid the amount necessary to acquire the project and convey title to the project to the Secretary, in which case the insurance benefits paid by the Secretary shall include the amount bid by the mortgagee to satisfy the senior mortgage at the foreclosure sale; and

"(ii) if the equity or acquisition loan has been assigned to the Secretary, bid, in addition to amounts authorized under section 207(k), any sum not in excess of the total unpaid indebtedness secured by such senior mortgage and the equity or acquisition loan, plus taxes, insurance, foreclosure costs, fees, and other expenses.

"(5) Loans insured under this subsection shall--

"(A) have a maturity and provisions for amortization satisfactory to the Secretary, bear interest at such rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and mortgagee, and be secured in such manner as the Secretary may require; and

"(B) contain such other terms, conditions, and restrictions as the Secretary may prescribe, including phased advances of equity loan proceeds to reflect project rent levels.

"(6) The Secretary may provide for combination of loans insured under subsection (d) with equity and acquisition loans insured under this subsection.

"(7) When underwriting an equity or acquisition loan under this subsection, the Secretary may assume that the rental assistance provided in accordance with an approved plan of action under section 222 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act will be extended for the full term of the contract entered into under such Act. The Secretary may accelerate repayment of a loan under this subsection if rental assistance is not extended under section 222(b) of such Act or the Secretary is unable to develop a revised package of incentives to the owner comparable to those received under the original approved plan of action.

"(8) If the Secretary is unable to extend the term of rental assistance for the full term of the contract entered into under section 222(b) of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, the Secretary may take such actions as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to avoid default, avoid disruption of the sound ownership and management of the housing, and otherwise minimize the cost to the Federal Government.

"(9) A mortgagee approved by the Secretary may not withhold consent to an equity or acquisition loan on a property on which that mortgagee holds a mortgage.

<< 12 USCA § 1715z-15 >>

(b) APPROVAL PRIOR TO FORECLOSURE.--Section 250(b) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z-15(b) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) A mortgagee may foreclose the mortgage on, or acquire by deed in lieu of foreclosure, any eligible low-income housing project (as such term is defined in section 229 of the Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990) only if the mortgagee also conveys title to the project to the Secretary in connection with a claim for insurance benefits".
(c) REPEALER.--Section 250(c) of such Act is hereby repealed, and section 250(d) is redesignated as section
250(c).

<< 42 USCA § 1437f >>

SEC. 603. RELATED UNITED STATES HOUSING ACT OF 1937 AMENDMENTS.

Section 89(v)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by striking out "Emergency Low Income
Housing Preservation Act of 1987" and inserting "Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership
Act of 1990".

<< 12 USCA § 4101 NOTE >>

SEC. 604. TRANSITION PROVISIONS.

(a) HOUSING ELIGIBLE FOR ELECTION.--Any owner of housing that becomes eligible low-income housing
before January 1, 1991 and who, before such date, filed a notice of intent under section 222 of the Emergency Low
Income Housing Preservation Act of 1987 (as such section existed before the date of the enactment of this Act) or
under section 212 of such Act (as amended by section 601(a)) may elect to be subject to (1) the provisions of such
Act as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act, or (2) the provisions of the Low-Income Housing
Preservation and Resident Homeownership Act of 1990, after the date of the enactment of this Act. The Secretary
shall establish procedures for owners to make the election under the preceding sentence.

(b) RIGHT OF CONVERSION TO NEW SYSTEM.--Any owner who has filed a plan of action on or before
October 11, 1990, shall have the right to convert to the system of incentives and restrictions under this subtitle, with
such adjustments as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to compensate for the value of any incentives the
owner received under the Emergency Low Income Housing Preservation Act of 1987. Owners filing plans after
such date shall not have any right under this subsection.

(c) EFFECTIVENESS OF REPEALED PROVISIONS.--Notwithstanding the amendment made by section 601(a),
the provisions of the Emergency Low Income Housing Preservation Act of 1987 (as in effect immediately before the
date of the enactment of this Act) shall apply with respect to any housing for which the election under subsection
(a)(1) is made.

(d) REGULATIONS.--Not later than the expiration of the 90-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of
this Act, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall, subject to the provisions of section 553 of title 5,
United States Code, publish proposed rules to implement this subtitle and the amendments made by this subtitle.
Not later than 45 days after the expiration of the period under the preceding sentence the Secretary shall issue
interim or final rules to implement such provisions.

<< 12 USCA § 4101 NOTE >>

SEC. 605. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This subtitle shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle B--Other Preservation Provisions

SEC. 611. SECTION 236 RENTAL ASSISTANCE.
(a) DEFINITION OF INCOME.--Section 236(m) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z-1) is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: " , except that any amounts not actually received by the family may not be considered as income under this subsection".

(b) RENT CHARGES.--

(1) PROJECTS ASSISTED UNDER SECTION 236.--Section 236(f) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z-1(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(5)(A) In order to induce advances by owners for capital improvements (excluding any owner contributions that may be required by the Secretary as a condition for assistance under section 201 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978) to benefit projects assisted under this section, in establishing basic rental charges and fair market rental charges under paragraph (1) the Secretary may include an amount that would permit a return of such advances with interest to the owner out of project income, on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may determine. Any resulting increase in rent contributions shall be--

"(i) to a level not exceeding the lower of 30 percent of the adjusted income of the tenant or the published existing fair market rent for comparable housing established under section 8(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937;

"(ii) phased in equally over a period of not less than 3 years, if such increase is 30 percent or more; and

"(iii) limited to not more than 10 percent per year if such increase is more than 10 percent but less than 30 percent.

"(B) Assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 shall be provided, to the extent available under appropriations Acts, if necessary to mitigate any adverse effects on income-eligible tenants.".

(2) INSURED PROJECTS.--Section 221(f) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715l(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following new undesignated paragraph:

"In order to induce advances by owners for capital improvements (excluding any owner contributions that may be required by the Secretary as a condition for assistance under section 201 of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978) to benefit projects covered by a mortgage under the provisions of subsection (d)(3) that bears a below market interest rate prescribed in the proviso to subsection (d)(5), in establishing the rental charge for the project the Secretary may include an amount that would permit a return of such advances with interest to the owner out of project income, on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may determine. Any resulting increase in rent contributions shall be--

"(A) to a level not exceeding the lower of 30 percent of the adjusted income of the tenant or the published existing fair market rent for comparable housing established under section 8(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937;

"(B) phased in equally over a period of not less than 3 years, if such increase is 30 percent or more; and

"(C) limited to not more than 10 percent per year if such increase is more than 10 percent but less than 30 percent. Assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 shall be provided, to the extent available under appropriations Acts, if necessary to mitigate any adverse effects on income-eligible tenants.".
SEC. 612. MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION OF FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING.

<< 12 USCA § 1715z-1 >>

(a) SECTION 236.--Section 236(f) of the National Housing Act, as amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(6)(A) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), tenants whose incomes exceed 80 percent of area median income shall pay as rent the lower of the following amounts: (A) 30 percent of the family's adjusted monthly income; or (B) the relevant fair market rental established under section 8(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 for the jurisdiction in which the housing is located.

"(B) An owner shall phase in any increase in rents for current tenants resulting from subparagraph (A). Rental charges collected in excess of the basic rental charges shall continue to be credited to the reserve fund described in subsection (g)(1).".

<< 12 USCA § 1715l >>

(b) SECTION 221.--Section 221 of the National Housing Act is amended by inserting the following new subsection after subsection (k):

"(l)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, tenants residing in eligible multifamily housing whose incomes exceed 80 percent of area median income shall pay as rent not more than the lower of the following amounts: (A) 30 percent of the family's adjusted monthly income; or (B) the relevant fair market rental established under section 8(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 for the jurisdiction in which the housing is located. An owner shall phase in any increase in rents for current tenants resulting from this subsection.

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'eligible multifamily housing' means any housing financed by a loan or mortgage that is (A) insured or held by the Secretary under subsection (d)(3) and assisted under section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 or section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937; or (B) insured or held by the Secretary and bears interest at a rate determined under the proviso of subsection (d)(3)."

SEC. 613. ASSISTANCE TO PREVENT PREPAYMENT UNDER STATE MORTGAGE PROGRAMS.

<< 42 USCA § 1437f >>

(a) SECTION 8 ASSISTANCE.--

(1) AUTHORITY.--Section 8(d)(2)(A) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(d)(2)(A)) is amended by inserting after the period at the end the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a public housing agency and an applicable State agency may, on a priority basis, attach to structures not more than an additional 15 percent of the assistance provided by the public housing agency or the applicable State agency only with respect to projects assisted under a State program that permits the owner of the projects to prepay a State assisted or subsidized mortgage on the structure, except that attachment of assistance under this sentence shall be for the purpose of (i) providing incentives to owners to preserve such projects for occupancy by lower and moderate income families (for the period that assistance under this sentence is available), and (ii) to assist lower income tenants to afford any increases in rent that may be required to induce the owner to maintain occupancy in the project
by lower and moderate income tenants. Any assistance provided to lower income tenants under the preceding sentence shall not be considered for purposes of the limitation under paragraph (1)(A) regarding the percentage of families that may receive assistance under this section who do not qualify for preferences under such paragraph."

(2) CONTRACT TERM.--Section 8(d)(2)(C) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(d)(2)(C)) is amended by inserting after the period at the end the following: "To the extent assistance is used as provided in the penultimate sentence of subparagraph (A), the contract for assistance may, at the option of the public housing agency, have an initial term not exceeding 15 years."

(b) STATE PRESERVATION PROJECT ASSISTANCE.--

(1) IN GENERAL.--Upon application by a State or local housing authority (including public housing agencies), the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development may make available, from sources of assistance appropriated to preserve the low and moderate income status of projects with expiring Federal use restrictions, assistance to such State or local housing authorities for use in preventing the loss of housing affordable for low and moderate income families that is assisted under a State program under the terms of which the owner may prepay a State assisted or subsidized mortgage on such housing. The application of the State or local housing authority shall demonstrate to the Secretary that the total amount of incentives provided to the owner to induce the owner to preserve the low and moderate income status of the project shall not exceed the level of incentives which may be provided to a similarly situated project with expiring Federal use restrictions under subtitle B of title II of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987.

(2) SECTION 8.--Any assistance under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 made available pursuant to this subsection may be used (i) to supplement any assistance available on existing section 8 contracts, or (ii) to provide additional assistance to structures to ensure that all units occupied by tenants who are lower income families (as such term is defined in section 3(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937) pay rents not exceeding 30 percent of their adjusted incomes. Any project receiving assistance hereunder shall be subject to standards, inspections and sanctions established by the Secretary under section 224(e) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987. Any such section 8 assistance shall be provided for a term and at the fair market rent levels or such higher levels used as applicable for eligible low-income housing that receives incentives under subtitle B of title II of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987.

(3) RESTRICTION.--Assistance may be provided under this subsection only to State and local housing authorities that require any housing receiving such assistance to remain affordable for lower and moderate income tenants for the period during which assistance under this subsection is received.